



Misal emerged triumphant in the struggle for survival and its leader Sardar (later Maharaja) Ranjit Singh succeeded in consolidating the territories of the various Misals into the kingdom of the Panjab. He ruled the Panjab for forty years from 1799 to 1839. Ten years after his death the Sikh kingdom was conquered and annexed by the British.

Occasional anti-British movements* of the Sikhs during the British regime were ruthlessly suppressed and the *Satyagrah* movements launched by Mahatma Gandhi gave a new fillip to the Indian independence movement which resulted in the withdrawal of the British from India in 1947.

-
- *1. The Namdhari or Kuka Movement.
 2. Movement for the restoration of the Panjab to Maharaja Duleep Singh.
 3. The Ghadar Party Movement.
 4. The Gurdwara Reform Movement.